

NOTICE OF EMEGENCY INCIDENT

According to information from the Technical Services, the conditions in the area of nuclear power station and its surrounding area have not noticeably changed.

As of 10 a.m., the level of radiation in the area of the reactor is 1,000,000 $\mu\text{Sv}/\text{hour}$; in the town of Pripyat 1,440-10,800 $\mu\text{Sv}/\text{hour}$; and in the city of Chernobyl 340 $\mu\text{Sv}/\text{hour}$.

1,090 tons of various materials were deposited on the unit 4 in the process of work.

The film taken on April 30th was studied on May 1st, for the purpose of the development of the solution in regards to the organisation of the future works. The locations where radioactive substances had been dispersed were determined and special equipment is being prepared to collect them.

As of May 1st, 42 people, including eight children, were transferred from Ivankov district to Kiev, and seven people (from the number of individuals relocated from Pripyat) were transferred from Polesskoe district, for the purposes of hospitalisation. Overall, 124 persons from the Ivankov district and 123 from the Polesskoe district were transferred to medical institutions in Kiev.

The intelligence sources carry out the work to collect additional information about the causes of the accident and the way it has developed.

In relation to a number of experts allowing subjectivity in their investigations, activity "T" was carried out.

According to communication from agents "Fizik," "Kulikov," and trusted individuals "T.V.G.," "V.A.S.," and "K.L.P." (which corroborates opinions from individual specialists), the accident is a consequence of the disruption of the normal work of the reactor due to the undertaking of an experiment. The planning organisation did not participate in the preparation for the experiment, although they have suggested to use the turbogenerator in an overrun mode, to satisfy the power needs. The possibilities of the emergency and detection devices being activated were not considered. The nuclear accident and thermal explosion of the reactor is a consequence of this experiment.

Information has been obtained from agents and trusted individuals about the dissatisfaction of some of the station workers relocated to the "Skazochny" pioneer camp due to the organisation of amenities, the failure to take necessary radiation protection measures, and due to the lack of information about the members of workers' families; this fact has been reported to the Government Commission. On the 1st of May a meeting was held between members of the Government Commission and workers from the nuclear power station who were relocated to the pioneer camp.

30 station workers and 35 witnesses were questioned and they have confirmed the information about the violation of conditions for the turbine's use, which confirms the opinion of several members of the sub-commission.

The zone of radioactive contamination is increasing as a result of a strong wind.

As of May 1st, the radius of the zone was 10 km and is currently limited to the villages of Lelev and Chistoganovka, where, according to information from the Special Department of the USSR KGB, the level of radiation was up to 40,000 $\mu\text{Sv}/\text{hour}$.

According to unofficial information, the question of a possible evacuation of Chernobyl is being considered.

Reported: Deputy Head of the 6th Department of the KGB Administration Lieut. Col. Aksenov
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